# GL390/GL390V

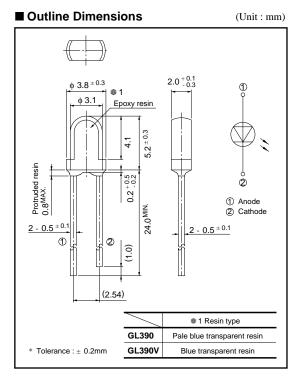
# Thin Bow Type Resin Mold **Package Infrared Emitting Diodes**

#### Features

- 1. Thin bow type resin mold package (Resin area : 2.0 x 3.1 x 5.2 mm)
- 2. Low peak forward voltage (GL390V) VFM: TYP. 1.9V at IFM=0.5A

#### Applications

- 1. Cameras
- 2. Infrared remote controllers



#### ■ Model Lineup

Model	GL390	GL390V		
Radiant intensity (mW/sr)	TYP. 13	TYP. 16		
Half intensity angle (°)	TYP. ± 18			

#### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

	-		
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Forward current	$I_{\rm F}$	60	mA
*1Peak forward current	$I_{\rm FM}$	1	А
Reverse voltage	VR	6	V
Power dissipation	Р	150	mW
Operating temperature	T opr	- 25 to 85	°C
Storage temperature	T stg	- 40 to 85	°C
*2Soldering temperature	T sol	260	°C

\*1 Pulse width <= 100µ s, Duty ratio=0.01

\*2 For 3 seconds at the position of 2.6 mm from the resin edge

### Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta:	=25	°C)	)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage		V <sub>F</sub>	$I_F = 50 m A$	-	1.3	1.5	V
Peak forward voltage	GL390	V FM	$I_{FM}=0.5A$	-	2.2	3.5	v
	GL390V			-	1.9	3.0	
Reverse current		IR	$V_R = 3V$	-	-	10	μΑ
*3 Radiant intensity	GL390	IE	$I_F = 50 m A$	7	13	-	mW/sr
	GL390V			9	16	-	
Peak emission wavelength		λp	$I_F = 5mA$	-	950	-	nm
Half intensity wavelength		Δλ	$I_F = 5mA$	-	45	-	nm
Terminal capacitance	GL390	C.	$V_R = 0 f = 1MHz$	-	70	-	pF
	GL390V			-	50	-	
Response frequency		fc		-	300	-	kHz
Half intensity angle		Δθ	$I_F = 20 m A$	-	±18	-	0

\*3 I E : Value obtained by converting the value in power of radiant fluxes emitted at the solid angle of 0.01 sr (steradian) in the direction of mechanical axis of the lens portion into 1 sr or all those emitted from the light emitting diode.

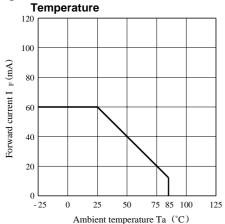
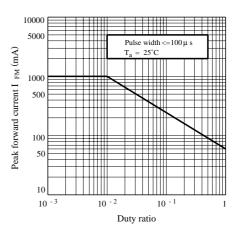


Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient

Fig. 2 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio



#### Fig. 3 Spectral Distribution

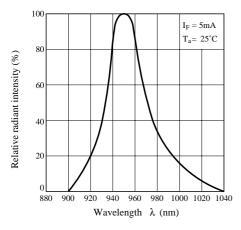
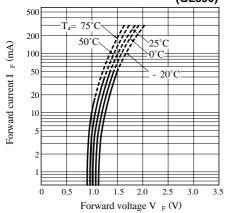
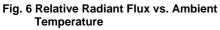
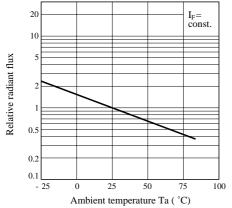


Fig. 5-1 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (GL390)









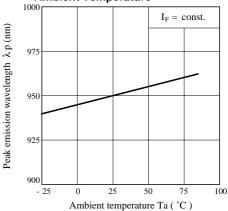


Fig. 5-2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

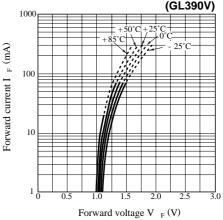


Fig. 7 Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current

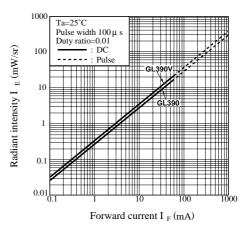
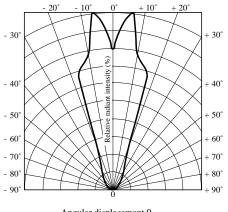
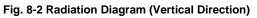
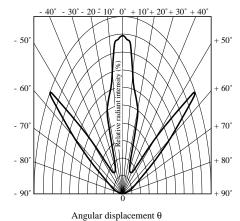


Fig. 8-1 Radiation Diagram (Horizontal Direction)



Angular displacement θ





• Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use". (Page 78 to 93)

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